

DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE THROUGH THE FORMALISATION OF OSHAKATI EXT 11 TO 13

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been prepared for the Oshakati Extension 11, 12, and 13 township developments, located on Portion 136, 36 & 46 of the Remainder of Farm Oshakati Town and Townlands No. 880, within Oshakati, Oshana Region, Namibia. The project is initiated by the Oshakati Town Council and will provide 684 erven zoned residential, business, institutional, and public open space.

The EMP forms part of the application for an Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC) in compliance with the Environmental Management Act, 2007 (Act No. 7 of 2007) and its Regulations. The project involves the phased construction of bulk infrastructure, including roads and sewer networks.

The project is expected to contribute positively to the socio-economic development of Oshakati through:

- Provision of serviced land for formal housing and sewer services;
- Job creation during construction;
- Improved access to sanitation and roads.

Potential environmental and social impacts have been identified, and mitigation measures are outlined in this EMP, including:

- Dust, noise, and traffic disturbances;
- · Temporary pressure on access roads;
- Safety risks for workers and nearby residents;
- Risk of unmanaged construction waste and erosion.

The EMP outlines mitigation strategies, monitoring procedures, and defines the responsibilities of key role players, including the Contractor, Environmental Control Officer (ECO), and the Employer's Representative (ER). It also incorporates training, public engagement, and reporting procedures to ensure compliance and sustainability during both the construction and operational phases.

This EMP is a living document and will be reviewed and updated as the project progresses to reflect changes in scope, site conditions, legislation, or stakeholder input. All amendments must be approved by the Oshakati Town Council and, where applicable, the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT) before implementation.

Key Benefits and Compliance Summary:

The Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 projects will directly support structured urban growth in Oshakati, create employment opportunities, and improve essential infrastructure. The EMP has been developed in accordance with Namibian legislation and recognised environmental best practice, ensuring that all potential impacts are indentified, managed, and monitored effectively. With active stakeholder engagement, transparent reporting, and strict adherence to mitigation measures, the project can proceed in a manner that delivers long-term social and economic benefits while safeguarding environmental integrity.



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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BID Background Information Document

ECC Environmental Clearance Certificate

EMP Environmental Control Officer
EMP Environmental Management Plan

ER Employer's Representative **E&S**— Environmental and Social

GN Government Notice

HIV/AIDS Human Immunodeficiency Virus / Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome

I&AP— Interested and Affected Party

ILO International Labour Organization

MEFT Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism

NamWater Namibia Water Corporation

OPE Oshakati Premier Electric

NSA – Namibia Statistics Agency

PPE – Personal Protective Equipment

TB Tuberculosis

UDA Urban Dynamics Africa (Pty) Ltd



1 INTRODUCTION

The Oshakati Town Council is implementing the township development project known as Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13. The project site is located on Portion 136, 36 & 46 of the Remainder of Farm Oshakati Town and Townlands No. 880, Oshana Region, Namibia. The townships comprise of 701 erven zoned for residential, business institutional, and public open space uses. The purpose is structured urban growth, provision of serviced land, improved socio-economic conditions, and inclusive community development.

The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) supports the application for an Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC) under the Environmental Management Act, 2007 (Act No. 7 of 2007), providing practical mitigation measures and responsibilities during construction and operational phases.

During the construction phase, the appointed contractor (to be appointed) is responsible for implementing the provisions of this EMP under the supervision of the proponent (Oshakati Town Council) Representative and an Environmental Control Officer (ECO). After construction, the Oshakati Town Council will assume responsibility for ensuring compliance with the EMP during the operational phase, including the maintenance of installed sewer infrastructure and services.

2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This section provides a brief overview of the site assessment, project activities, and key stakeholders. It outlines insights from a thorough site assessment covering biological, physical, socio-cultural, and landuse aspects. The summary then shifts to outlining the proposed project's activities and the roles of various stakeholders. The goal is to offer a concise entry point into the EMP.

2.1 SUMMARY OF THE SITE ASSESSMENT

2.1.1 Locality

The proposed development is strategically positioned on Portion 136, 46 & 36 of the Remainder of Oshakati Town and Townlands No. 880, falling within Namibia's Oshana Region. Located south of the C46 Road at coordinates -17.793517 S, 15.723089 E, the site's geographic details are highlighted in Figure 1, offering a visual representation of its strategic positioning.



LEGEND:
TOWNLANDS BOUNDARY

Figure 1 Locality of the Development Site within Oshakati

2.1.2 Ownership, Size, Shape, and Land Use Activities

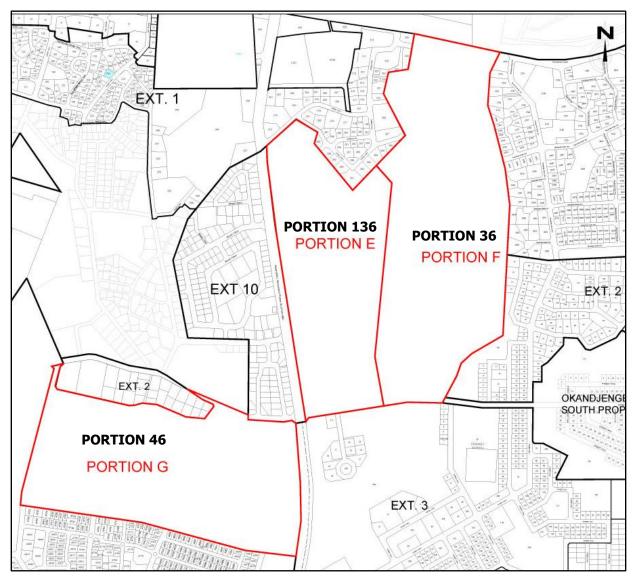
The project area is located south of the main road (C46 road), east of Oshakati Extension 10 and west of Oshakati Ext 15. The Ompundja Road separates Portion 46 (Oshakati Ext 13) to the west from Portions 36, and 136 (Oshakati Ext 11 and 12) to the east of the road.

The respective extensions are almost fully occupied, and majority of the erven are used for residential purposes. The Evululuko Secondary School is located in Oshakati Ext 11 (Portion 136) and a number of business activities take place on these extensions. Portions E, F and G measure approximately 20,9ha; 31,8ha and 80ha in extend

Error! Reference source not found. summarises the detailed land-use allocation for the new layout. The erven shapes illustrated in Figure 2.



Figure 2 Shapes of the Portions



2.1.4 ACCESS AND UTILITY SERVICES:

The following road network and utility services are within the site:

- Road: The internal road network will consist of road reserves ranging between 8 m and 16 m,
 designed to accommodate residential access, emergency services, and utility corridors. These
 roads will connect directly to the existing road system in Oshakati, allowing for seamless
 integration with the town's transport network.
- **Sewerage:** A sewer pump station and reticulation network will service formalised areas within the development. The system is designed to link with Oshakati's existing wastewater infrastructure. Informal areas without immediate access to sewer lines will continue to rely on septic tanks until phased connections are completed.



2.1.5 Environmental Conditions

Oshakati experiences a hot, arid climate with low humidity and monthly temperatures ranging from 17°C to 36°C. Mild seasonal winds prevail from the east. The gently sloping topography functions as a rainwater catchment area, the sites also have oshanas/watercourses. The site's vegetation consists of the Oshana-Kalahari Mosiac, as this is a formalisation, the impact on vegetation within these extensions will be minimal.

2.1.6 Socio-Economic Conditions:

Oshana Region is one of Namibia's most populous regions, with a recorded population of 230 801 as of the 2023 Census, reflecting rapid population growth and a density due to significant population growth and density of 26.7 people per km². Oshakati is rapidly urbanising, which is experiencing increased demand for serviced land and housing. High unemployment rates persist despite an increase in mean household consumption. This underscores the urgency of economic diversification. There is a demand for improved housing options, and targeted initiatives are essential for enhancing education and health infrastructure in the region.

2.2 SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL IMPACTS

The planning of the construction of roads and provision of bulk services has the potential to cause environmental and social impacts. The following is a list of potential impacts indentified through the scoping process:

2.2.1 Benefits of the Project

- Provision of formalise serviced erven;
- Formalisation of the existing secondary school erf;
- > Stimulation of economic development primarily through formalising land tenure and enhancing local business opportunities; and
- > Stimulation of the health and wellness of the Oshakati and the Oshana Region.

2.2.2 Potential Negative Impacts during Construction:

- Impact of removal of vegetation from the site;
- Impact of dust;
- Impact of noise;
- Impact on traffic flow;
- Impact on the health and safety of workers; and
- Impact of waste.



3 PROJECT STANDARDS AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 has undergone a scoping assessment to identify potential environmental and social (E&S) risks associated with the construction phase. To ensure responsible and sustainable project delivey, it will comply with a comprehensive set of national, local, and international standards, guidelines, and regulatory requirements, which apply throughout both the construction and operational phases.

Adherence to this framework ensures the project meets Namibia's legal obligations, aligns with recognised international good practice, supports sustainable development objectives, and minimises adverse impacts on the environment and local communities.



OSHAKATI TOWN COUNCIL OSHAKATI EXTENSION 11-13

3.1 NATIONAL AND LOCAL LEGISLATION & PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

The development will comply with all relevant Namibian national legislation. These frameworks govern a wide range of aspects, including environmental protection, infrastructure development, occupational health and safety, social safeguards, land use planning, and the conservation of heritage resources. Tables 1 to 4 summarise the key legislative provisions and their implications for the project.

Table 1 National and Environmental Legislation

ТНЕМЕ	LEGISLATION	PROVISION	PROJECT IMPLICATIONS
NATIONAL	Constitution of the Republic of Namibia (Amendment Act 34/1998)	Guarantees property rights (Art. 16(1)) and mandates sustainable ecosystem management (Art. 95(i))	Supports land ownership and mandates environmental sustainability.
ENVIRONMENTAL	Environmental Management Act, 7 of 2007	Requires Environmental Impact Assessments (Sec 27); mandates public participation (Sec 2(b-c))	Obtain Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC) and hold consultations.
	Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations GN 57/2007	Lists activities requiring environmental clearance including roads and pipelines (Sec 10(1))	ECC and consultation processes are compulsory.
	Environmental Management Act, 7 of 2007	Regulates noise, dust control, and land rehabilitation.	Construction must mitigate noise, dust, and restore land.
	Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations GN 57/2007	Requires ECC for activities including construction affecting watercourses, canals, and wetlands (Sec. $10(1)(a)(b)$)	Must assess and mitigate impacts on watercourses; obtain ECC before commencement of such activities.
	Water Act, 54 of 1956	Regulates abstraction, diversion, and use of water resources.	Obtain water use permits for abstraction, diversion, or discharge; comply with water protection measures.

OSHAKATI TOWN COUNCIL OSHAKATI EXTENSION 11-13

Table 2 Infrastructure and Hazardous Substances

ТНЕМЕ	LEGISLATION	PROVISION	PROJECT IMPLICATIONS
INFRASTRUCTURE	EIA Regulations GN 57/2007	Covers pipelines and roads (Sec 10.1(a), 10.1(b))	ECC required for pipeline and road works.
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	EIA Regulations GN 57/2007	Regulates hazardous materials handling and waste permits (Sec 9.1, 9.2)	Ensure safe storage, handling, and disposal of hazardous substances.

Table 3 Health, Safety, and Social Legislation

ТНЕМЕ	LEGISLATION	PROVISION	PROJECT IMPLICATIONS
HEALTH & SAFETY	Labour Act, 11 of 2007	Regulates worker rights and prohibits child/forced labour.	Comply with labour laws; promote fair employment.
	Public and Environmental Health Act, 2015	Covers health standards, waste management, and water quality.	Maintain health and safety compliance.
	Health and Safety Regulations, 2011	Requires workplace safety measures, PPE, and accident prevention.	Implement occupational health and safety measures.

Table 4 Other Relevant Frameworks

ТНЕМЕ	LEGISLATION	PROVISION	PROJECT IMPLICATIONS
FORESTRY	Forestry Act, 12 of 2001; Forest Regulations GN 170/2015	Protects trees; requires permits for removal.	Obtain permits before tree removal; implement safeguards.
SOIL CONSERVATION	Soil Conservation Act, 76 of 1969	Regulates erosion prevention and soil protection.	Apply erosion control measures.
WASTE MANAGEMENT	Waste Management and Pollution Control Act	Regulates disposal of solid and hazardous waste.	Comply with waste disposal and effluent discharge standards.



CHILD LABOUR	Labour Act, 11 of 2007; Child Care and Protection Act, 2015	Prohibits child labour; sets employment age limits.	Enforce zero tolerance on child labour.
WORKER RIGHTS	ILO Conventions (29, 87, 98, 100, 111)	Prohibits forced labour; guarantees union rights and equal pay.	Ensure fair and non-discriminatory working conditions.
ARCHAEOLOGY	National Heritage Act, 27 of 2004; Burial Place Ordinance	Protects heritage sites and graves.	Report findings; follow legal procedures for heritage sites.



4 PLANNING AND DESIGN PHASE

This section outlines essential environmental and management provisions that must be incorporated during the planning and design phase of the Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 project. These provisions are necessary to ensure the project complies with environmental regulations and supports socio-economic development objectives prior to construction.

Table 5 below summarises the management requirements for material sourcing, EMP integration in tenders, financial provisions for training and mitigation, and inclusive recruitment strategies.

Table 5 Management Requirements for the Planning and Design Phase

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS	
Natural Building Material	All building materials (sand and gravel) must only be sourced from a local registered borrow pit. Road building material (G4, G5, etc.) must be sourced in collaboration from approved borrow pits within the townlands. If suitable material can only be sourced from untouched land to create a new borrow pit, then that is legally subject to an EIA by the Council.	
EMP Implementation	Relevant sections of this EMP should be included in the tender documents for all construction so that tenderers can implement the EMP.	
Financial Provisions	 Financial provision for the facilitation of an induction programme for senior, temporary construction personnel and subcontractors and associated personnel should be included as a cost item within tenders concerning the construction and/or operation and maintenance of the proposed development. Financial provision for a Tree Management Plan compilation should be included as a cost item within construction tender 	
	documents.	
Recruitment	Provisions designed to maximise the use of local labour should be included within tenders concerning the construction of bulk and reticulation services.	
	A provision stating that all unskilled labour should be sourced locally should be included in tenders concerning the construction of all development services.	
	Specific recruitment procedures ensuring local firms enjoy preference during tender adjudication should be included in tenders concerning the construction of the development's bulk services.	
	Provisions promoting gender equality pertaining to recruitment should be included in tenders concerning the construction of the township services.	
	Women should be given preference for specific jobs (e.g. those jobs that require relatively less physical strength).	

5 PROECT ACTIVITIES

The development is phased infrastructure development intervention focused on delivering serviced land for residential, institutional, business, and public use within Oshakati. The Oshakati Town Council is the project proponent and has already undertaken limited informal development at the site. This EMP considers both the existing informal infrastructure and the planned formal infrastructure components.

5.1 PLANNED BULK INFRASTRUCTURE INCLUDES

- Roads: Construction of gravel road network with widths between 10m and 15m, designed to accommodate light vehicles and service vehicles. Roads will connect to the existing Oshakati road network.
- ❖ Sewerage: Construction of a sewer pump station and reticulation network to service formal erven. Areas not yet connected will temporarily use septic tanks or dry systems.

5.2 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL INCLUDE

- Light bush clearing and removal of informal waste and debris.
- Earthworks, such as levelling, trenching, and backfilling for service installation.
- Installation of roads and sewer lines infrastructure.
- Connection of infrastructure to the existing municipal systems.
- Placement of signage, fencing, and temporary traffic barriers to ensure safety.

5.3 CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT WILL INCLUDE

- Excavators
- Graders
- Water trucks
- Tipper trucks
- Compacting equipment
- Trenchers and hand tools



5.4 DEVELOPMENT STAKEHOLDERS

The main stakeholders involved in the development, including their roles, engagement activities, and an indicative timeline for involvement are summarised in Table 6.

Table 6 Key Stakeholders in Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 Development

STAKEHOLDER	ROLE
OSHAKATI TOWN COUNCIL	Project proponent and infrastructure owner/operator
ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL OFFICER	On-site environmental monitoring during construction
(ECO)	
CONTRACTOR (TBC)	Construction of bulk infrastructure and services
CONSTITUENCY OFFICE	Local governance and coordination with community
SURROUNDING RESIDENTS	Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs)

5.5 RESPONSIBILITIES

Effective implementation of this Environmental Management Plan (EMP) relies on clearly defined roles and responsibilities for all involved stakeholders. As the project proponent, the Oshakati Town Council bears overall responsibility for the EMP. However, the day-to-day execution during the construction phase may be delegated to appointed contractors and environmental specialists. The specific roles of the Employer's Representative (ER), Environmental Control Officer (ECO), and Contractor are detailed below.

5.5.1 Employer's Representative (ER)

The Employer's Representative (ER) is appointed by the Developer, the Oshakati Town Council, to oversee and manage all construction contracts. This role may be filled by a qualified internal staff member or an external consultant with appropriate expertise and experience. The ER is also responsible for supporting the coordination and enforcement of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP).

Key responsibilities:

- Ensure the Contractor has obtained all required permits and authorisations.
- Assist the Contractor in resolving environmental issues in collaboration with the ECO.
- Monitor compliance with the EMP and relevant legal requirements.
- ❖ Issue warnings or remove individuals and/or equipments found non-compliant with EMP provisions.
- Recommend penalties or fines for transgressions or non-conformances.
- Contribute to monthly EMP review reports submitted to the Developer.



5.5.2 Environmental Control Officer (ECO)

The ECO is appointed by the ER and must be a competent individual, preferably with training in occupational health and safety in construction environments. If no ECO is appointed, the ER assumes the ECO's responsibilities. The ECO is primarily responsible for ensuring on-site environmental compliance.

Key responsibilities:

- Assist the ER in confirming that legal permits have been secured before construction starts.
- Conduct monthly environmental site inspections to assess EMP implementation.
- Monitor and audit all construction activities for compliance with the EMP.
- Advise the ER and Contractor on environmentally sound practices and solutions.
- Maintain open communication between the Developer, Contractor, ER, and Interested and Affected Parties (I&AP's).
- Coordinate and deliver environmental induction and awareness training to all site personnel.
- Maintain training records and verify that all staff have received appropriate environmental and health and safety training.
- Enforce "chance-find" procedures in the event of archaeological or heritage discoveries.
- Recommend the removal of non-compliant workers or equipment in consultation with the ER.
- Participate in reviewing and updating the EMP monthly during the construction phase.

5.5.3 Contractor

The appointed Contractor is directly responsible for implementing all on-site environmental management actions during construction. The Contractor must integrate relevant EMP clauses into sub-contractor agreements to ensure legal enforceability across all levels.

Key responsibilities:

- Fully implement the EMP provisions during all construction activities.
- ❖ Maintain an on-site copy of the EMP for reference by workers and stakeholders.
- Ensure all personnel attend induction and ongoing environmental and safety training.
- Keep complete records of training sessions, including participant names, dates, and topics covered.
- Implement measures to minimise dust, noise, waste, erosion, and risks to worker and public health.



- Participate in site inspections and audits by the ECO and ER.
- ❖ Cooperate with the ER and ECO in addressing any incidents of non-compliance.
- ❖ Liaise with the Developer and community representatives regarding constructionrelated issues.

6 TRAINING AND AWARENESS

Effective environmental management requires that all personnel working on the Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 projects are properly informed and trained regarding the requirements and provisions of this EMP. Table 7 outlines the training framework:

Table 7 Training and Awareness

TRAINING TYPE	TRAINING CONTENT	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	TARGET AUDIENCE	FREQUENCY
INDUCTION TRAINING	 Purpose and objectives of the EMP; Environmental risks and mitigation; Health & safety (PPE use, emergencies); and Communication channels. 	Contractor / ECO	All new employees, subcontractors, visitors	Before work commencement
REFRESHER TRAINING	Reinforcement of EMP provisionsUpdates on emerging environmental issues	Contractor / ECO	All personnel	Quarterly or as needed
TOOLBOX TALKS	 Practical, task-specific topics: dust, noise, waste, hazardous materials, erosion 	Contractor	All site workers	Weekly or per activity
HEALTH AWARENESS	 HIV/AIDS education General health and well-being 	Contractor with Ministry of Health	All workers	Periodically (as arranged)
TRAINING DOCUMENTATION	 Attendance registers Records of content, dates, names 	Contractor (monitored by ECO)	All trained personnel	Ongoing throughout project
TRAINING OVERSIGHT	 Ensure training is conducted and evaluated Address gaps or non- compliance 	ECO	Supervises Contractor & site personnel	Continuous oversight



7 CONSTRUCTION MITIGAION DETAIL

This section sets out the environmental and social measures to be implemented during construction and operation of the Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 bulk infrastructure. These measures ensure compliance with Namibia legislation, protect health and safety, and support sustainable development.

Table 8 lists the nine Planning Components that address key environmental management themes. Each component is described in detail in the subsections that follow to guide on-site implementation by the Contractor, Environmental Control Officer (ECO), and Employer's Representative (ER).

Table 8 Generic and Site-Specific Environmental Management Actions

Тнеме:	OBJECTIVE:	MITIGATION DETAIL:	
		GENERIC:	SITE-SPECIFIC:
WASTE MANAGEMENT:	Minimise and avoid all waste pollution associated with construction.	PLAN COMPONENT 1	YES
HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT:	Focusing on the well-being of the labourers and the community near the construction.	PLAN COMPONENT 2	YES
NOISE AND DUST MANAGEMENT:	Minimise and avoid all noise and dust associated with construction.	PLAN COMPONENT 3	YES
TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:	Minimise and avoid traffic impacts.	PLAN COMPONENT 4	YES
ENVIRONMENTAL TRAINING AND AWARENESS:	Awareness creation regarding the provisions of the EMP as well as the importance of safeguarding environmental resources.	PLAN COMPONENT 5	YES
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION:	Minimise the effect of the activity and protect the social environment in which it is happening.	PLAN COMPONENT 6	YES
EMPLOYMENT /RECRUITMENT	Ensure the protection of workers' rights and safety in Namibia.	PLAN COMPONENT 7	YES
STAKEHOLDER COMMUNICATION:	Provide a platform for stakeholders to raise grievances and receive feedback and hence, minimise negative conflict.	PLAN COMPONENT 8	YES
SOCIO-ECONOMIC AND MISCELLANEOUS:	Protecting cultural and general well-being of the affected.	PLAN COMPONENT 9	NA

7.1 PLAN COMPONENT 1: WASTE MANAGEMENT

Objective: Handle, segregate, and dispose of all waste responsibly.

Scope: Covers both construction-phase and operational-phase waste control, with generic and site-specific measures.

At the Oshakati Extension 11, 12 & 13 construction site in Oshakati, high importance shall be placed on waste management, and it needs to be performed daily. Solid waste is expected to be the major source of waste; therefore, a Waste Management Plan (WMP) should be compiled. The WMP should address measures for the handling and disposal of general waste and hazardous waste on site, as detailed below:

7.1.1 Construction Waste Management

General Waste:

- Keep site tidy; collect all general waste daily.
- Prohibit burial or burning of waste.
- Prevent dumping into watercourses.
- Provide separate labelled bins for general and hazardous waste.
- Train workers in proper disposal practices.

Hazardous Waste:

- Equip all machinery with drip trays; clean daily and dispose of residues as hazardous waste.
- Collect wet concrete, unbound/dry cement, and cement-infused water in hazardous waste containers.
- Maintain a spill kit with shovel, gloves, bags, drip trays, dust masks, and biodegradable degreaser.
- Store fuels and chemicals on impermeable surfaces within bounded areas.

Duration: Short-term (construction phase)

Responsible: Contractor (implementation), ECO & ER (monitoring)



7.1.2 Operational Waste Management

- The Oshakati Town Council should provide available waste collection services for households and businesses with Oshakati Extensions 11, 12 & 13.
- Pump sewerage via a closed pipeline system into the Town Council's wastewater network.
- Note: The Town Council currently has limited waste management infrastructure and capacity. As part of the township's long-term sustainability, it is recommended that the Council developed a phased Waste Management Plan to improve collection frequency, introduce waste segregation, and identify suitable disposal or recycling options in line with national standards.

Duration: Long-term (operational)

Responsible: Town Council (collection & maintenance)

7.2 PLAN COMPONENT 2: HEALTH AND SAFETY

Objective: Protect workers and the community from health and safety hazards.

Scope: Applies to all personnel and site visitors during construction, covering hazard identification, PPE, medical support, and emergency procedures.

At the construction site, the health and safety of workers and adjacent communities is paramount. Monthly safety briefings and strict adherence to PPE requirements are mandatory. A site-specific Health & Safety Plan must be developed, including emergency contact protocols with Oshakati Hospital and on-site first-aid facilities:

Objective: Protect workers and the community from health and safety hazards.

7.2.1 Construction Health & Safety

- Comply with Labour Act 11 of 2007 and Regulation 156.
- Appoint a qualified Health & Safety Officer.
- Provide PPE, fire extinguishers, and secured fuel storage.
- Prohibit personnel transport in construction vehicles.
- Secure loads, demarcate hazards, and display warning signage.
- Conduct toolbox talks on emergency response and hazard awareness.



OSHAKATI TOWN COUNCIL OSHAKATI EXTENSION 11-13 UDA PROJECT NO: OSHAKATI 1328 AUGUST 2025

HIV/AIDS & TB Training: Partner with Ministry of Health and Social Services for periodic on-site sessions.

Emergency Contact: Oshakati State Hospital

Phone: +264 65 223 3000

• Location: Sam Nujoma Road, Oshakati

7.2.2 Ablutions

The following measures must be implemented for on-site ablution facilities:

- Provide separate, clearly marked toilets for male and female workers (minimum: 1 per 25 females; 1 per 50 males).
- Ensure toilets are well-ventilated, cleaned daily, and supplied with toilet paper, soap, and handwashing facilities with clean water.
- Arrange regular sewage removal to an approved disposal site in compliance with the Public and Environmental Health Act, 2015.
- Locate ablution facilities at least 50m away from watercourses and drainage lines to prevent contamination.
- Place facilities on stable, level ground to prevent tipping or leakage.
- Provide adequate lighting for safe use after dark.
- Supply cleaning staff with PPE, including gloves, masks, and disinfectants, and train them in hygienic cleaning procedures.
- Maintain a logbook of cleaning and waste removal schedules for ECO inspection.

Duration: Short-term (construction phase)

Responsible: Contractor (implementation), ECO & ER (monitoring)

7.3 PLAN COMPONENT 3: NOISE AND DUST CONTROL

Objective: Minimise and manage noise and dust impacts on nearby residents, businesses, and workers to protect health, comfort, and environmental quality.

7.3.1 Noise Prevention

- Restrict noisy works to 07:00-17:00 on weekdays and 08:00-13:00 on Saturdays.
- Prohibit noise on Sundays and public holidays.



Notify receptors within 500m at least 48 hours before after-hours work.

7.3.2 DUST PREVENTION

- Install dust screens and apply water suppression on roads and stockpiles.
- Cover or moisten stockpiles; limit pile heights.
- Issue dust masks to exposed workers.
- Plan dusty activities aligning with favourable wind conditions.

Duration: Short-term (construction)

Responsible: Contractor (mitigation), ECO & ER (monitoring)

7.4 PLAN COMPONENT 4: TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

Objective: Ensure safe and efficient movement of vehicles and pedestrians.

- Develop a Traffic Management Plan with ER approval.
- Schedule heavy vehicle movements outside peak hours (07:00-08:00; 17:00-18:30).
- Deploy signage, barriers, and flag personnel at crossings.
- Provide dedicated parking and shuttle services if needed.

Duration: Short-term (construction)

Responsible: Contractor (implementation), ER (oversight)

7.5 PLAN COMPONENT 5: ENVIRONMENTAL TRAINING & AWARENESS

Objective: Equip all personnel with knowledge to implement the EMP.

- Conduct induction covering EMP objectives, roles, and emergency procedures.
- Hold refresher trainings quarterly and toolbox talks weekly.
- Record attendance, topics, and feedback; maintain registers onsite.

Duration: Ongoing (construction)

Responsible: Contractor (delivery), ECO & ER (verification)



7.6 PLAN COMPONENT 6: ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Objective: Preserve site integrity and prevent ecological damage.

Scope: Applies to all areas of disturbance, with restoration requirements.

On this site, temporary lay-down areas must avoid the nearby drainage line and be regarded and revegetated post-construction to prevent erosion. A site-specific Conservation Plan will map sensitive zones:

- Materials Camp & Lay-Down Areas
- Locate camps on previously disturbed land; avoid watercourses.
- Demarcate storage zones; contain spill risks.
- Restore areas post-use by clearing debris and re-grading.

Duration: Short-term (construction)

Responsible: Contractor (setup), ER & ECO (approval)

7.7 PLAN COMPONENT 7: EMPLOYMENT & RECRUITMENT

Objective: Maximise local employment while ensuring fair labour practices.

Scope: Relates to all hiring and subcontracting on the site.

Priority will be given to qualified Oshakati residents for all labour and support roles. A local recruitment register will be maintained, and all contract terms will be clearly explained in both English and Oshiwambo:

- Prioritise Oshakati residents in hiring; outline this in tender docs.
- Require sub-contractors to follow local recruitment and gender equity guidelines.
- Clearly communicate contract terms; provide translation where necessary.
- Adhere to Labour Act 11 of 2007 regarding minimum wages, child labour, and SMEs.

Duration: Entire construction

Responsible: Contractor (recruitment), ER (monitoring)

7.8 PLAN COMPONENT 8: STAKEHOLDER COMMUNICATION

Objective: Maintain transparent, ongoing dialogue with affected parties. **Scope:** Covers grievance logging, regular updates, and community liaison.

A dedicated notice board at the site entry and monthly community meetings in Oshakati will ensure stakeholder concerns are captured. All grievances will be logged in the site register and addressed within 14 days:

- Draft and implement a Communication Plan identifying I&APs, methods, and frequency.
- Centralise all correspondence through the ECO; log all grievances in a site register.



Provide monthly public updates via notice boards and community meetings.

• Escalate unresolved issues to the Developer and ER within 7 days.

Duration: Throughout construction

Responsible: ECO (liaison), Contractor (reporting), Developer & ER (resolution)

7.9 PLAN COMPONENT 9: SOCIO-ECONOMIC AND MISCELLANEOUS

Objective: Address cultural heritage, community well-being, and miscellaneous socio-economic risks.

Scope: Includes chance finds, community health, local procurement, and grievance closure.

Given the site's proximity to known areas, a chance-find procedure must be in place. Additionally, the project will target 70% local procurement and coordinate quarterly health outreach events with Oshakati public hospital:

7.9.1 Chance-Find Heritage Procedures

- If suspected archaeological or heritage artifacts are uncovered during excavation, stop work immediately.
- Demarcate the find with danger tape and record GPS coordinates if possible.
- Notify the ECO and ER, and contact the National Heritage Council for guidance and permits.
- Do not remove or disturb the find until authorised; allow a qualified archaeologist to inspect.

7.9.2 Local Economic Benefits

- Track local procurement of material and services; target at 70% local spending where feasible.
- Encourage local small businesses (SMEs) to participate in supply chains and subcontracting.
- Report quarterly on employment statistics, local versus imported labour ratios.

7.9.3 Grievance and Feedback Mechanism

- Maintain a dedicated grievance logbook at the site office.
- Acknowledge receipt of complaints within 3 working days and aim for resolution within 14 days.
- Summary of grievances and resolutions to be included in monthly EMP compliance reports.

Duration: Throughout construction and first year of operation

Responsible: Contractor (on-site procedures), ECO & ER (monitoring and reporting, Developer (oversight)



8 CONCLUSION

The effective implementation of this Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is critical to ensuring that the Oshakati Extension 11, 12, and 13 Township Development achieves its intended socio-economic objectives while minimizing adverse environmental and social impacts.

All stakeholders—including the Oshakati Town Council, the appointed Contractor, the Employer's Representative (ER), and the Environmental Control Officer (ECO)—have clearly defined responsibilities to ensure compliance with Namibian legislation and adherence to established environmental best practices.

By applying the mitigation measures, monitoring protocols, and communication procedures outlined in this EMP, the project can be executed in a sustainable manner that supports the well-being of the Oshakati community and protects the surrounding environment.

Ongoing monitoring, transparent reporting, and meaningful engagement with Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) will foster accountability and responsiveness throughout both the construction and operational phases.

This EMP is a dynamic document and must be periodically reviewed and updated as the project evolves. Revisions may be necessary to reflect changes in project scope, site conditions, legal requirements, or stakeholder input. All updates must be approved by the Oshakati Town Council and, where applicable, by the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT) prior to implementation.

